CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

HOUSE BILL 1371

Chapter 372, Laws of 2007

60th Legislature 2007 Regular Session

RENTAL VEHICLES--TRAFFIC INFRACTIONS

EFFECTIVE DATE: 07/22/07

Passed by the House April 16, 2007 Yeas 95 Nays 0

FRANK CHOPP

Speaker of the House of Representatives

Passed by the Senate April 12, 2007 Yeas 48 Nays 1 CERTIFICATE

I, Richard Nafziger, Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is **HOUSE BILL 1371** as passed by the House of Representatives and the Senate on the dates hereon set forth.

RICHARD NAFZIGER

Chief Clerk

BRAD OWEN

President of the Senate

Approved May 8, 2007, 4:09 p.m.

FILED

May 10, 2007

CHRISTINE GREGOIRE

Governor of the State of Washington

Secretary of State State of Washington

HOUSE BILL 1371

AS AMENDED BY THE SENATE

Passed Legislature - 2007 Regular Session

State of Washington60th Legislature2007 Regular SessionBy Representative Appleton

Read first time 01/17/2007. Referred to Committee on Transportation.

1 AN ACT Relating to traffic infractions involving rental vehicles; 2 and amending RCW 46.63.073, 46.63.160, and 46.63.170.

3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

4 **Sec. 1.** RCW 46.63.073 and 2005 c 331 s 2 are each amended to read 5 as follows:

(1) In the event a traffic infraction is based on a vehicle's 6 7 identification, and the registered owner of the vehicle is a rental car 8 business, the law enforcement agency shall, before a notice of 9 infraction may be issued, provide a written notice to the rental car 10 business that a notice of infraction may be issued to the rental car business if the rental car business does not, within thirty days of 11 receiving the written notice, provide to the issuing agency by return 12 13 mail:

14 (a) A statement under oath stating the name and known mailing 15 address of the individual driving or renting the vehicle when the 16 infraction occurred; or

17 (b) A statement under oath that the business is unable to determine 18 who was driving or renting the vehicle at the time the infraction

occurred because the vehicle was stolen at the time of the infraction.
 A statement provided under this subsection must be accompanied by a
 copy of a filed police report regarding the vehicle theft.

4 Timely mailing of this statement to the issuing law enforcement agency relieves a rental car business of any liability under this 5 chapter for the notice of infraction. In lieu of identifying the 6 7 vehicle operator, the rental car business may pay the applicable penalty. $((\frac{2}{2}))$ For the purpose of this $((\frac{1}{2}))$ subsection, a 8 "traffic infraction based on a vehicle's identification" includes, but 9 is not limited to, parking infractions, high-occupancy toll lane 10 violations, and violations recorded by automated traffic safety 11 12 cameras.

13 (2) In the event a parking infraction is issued by a private 14 parking facility and is based on a vehicle's identification, and the registered owner of the vehicle is a rental car business, the parking 15 facility shall, before a notice of infraction may be issued, provide a 16 17 written notice to the rental car business that a notice of infraction may be issued to the rental car business if the rental car business 18 does not, within thirty days of receiving the written notice, provide 19 to the parking facility by return mail: 20

21 (a) A statement under oath stating the name and known mailing 22 address of the individual driving or renting the vehicle when the 23 infraction occurred; or

(b) A statement under oath that the business is unable to determine who was driving or renting the vehicle at the time the infraction occurred because the vehicle was stolen at the time of the infraction. A statement provided under this subsection must be accompanied by a copy of a filed police report regarding the vehicle theft.

29 <u>Timely mailing of this statement to the parking facility relieves</u> 30 <u>a rental car business of any liability under this chapter for the</u> 31 <u>notice of infraction. In lieu of identifying the vehicle operator, the</u> 32 <u>rental car business may pay the applicable penalty. For the purpose of</u> 33 <u>this subsection, a "parking infraction based on a vehicle's</u> 34 <u>identification" is limited to parking infractions occurring on a</u> 35 <u>private parking facility's premises.</u>

36 **Sec. 2.** RCW 46.63.160 and 2004 c 231 s 6 are each amended to read 37 as follows:

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(1) This section applies only to traffic infractions issued under
 RCW 46.61.690 for toll collection evasion.

3 (2) Nothing in this section prohibits a law enforcement officer
4 from issuing a notice of traffic infraction to a person in control of
5 a vehicle at the time a violation occurs under RCW 46.63.030(1) (a),
6 (b), or (c).

7 (3) Toll collection systems include manual cash collection,8 electronic toll collection, and photo enforcement systems.

9 (4) "Electronic toll collection system" means a system of 10 collecting tolls or charges that is capable of charging the account of 11 the toll patron the appropriate toll or charge by electronic 12 transmission from the motor vehicle to the toll collection system, 13 which information is used to charge the appropriate toll or charge to 14 the patron's account.

(5) "Photo enforcement system" means a vehicle sensor installed to work in conjunction with an electronic toll collection system that automatically produces one or more photographs, one or more microphotographs, a videotape, or other recorded images of a vehicle operated in violation of an infraction under this chapter.

20 (6) The use of a toll collection system is subject to the following 21 requirements:

22 (a) The department of transportation shall adopt rules that allow an open standard for automatic vehicle identification transponders used 23 24 for electronic toll collection to be compatible with other electronic 25 payment devices or transponders from the Washington state ferry system, other public transportation systems, or other toll collection systems 26 27 to the extent that technology permits. The rules must also allow for multiple vendors providing electronic payment devices or transponders 28 29 as technology permits.

30 (b) The department of transportation may not sell, distribute, or 31 make available in any way, the names and addresses of electronic toll 32 collection system account holders.

(7) The use of a photo enforcement system for issuance of noticesof infraction is subject to the following requirements:

(a) Photo enforcement systems may take photographs, digital
 photographs, microphotographs, videotapes, or other recorded images of
 the vehicle and vehicle license plate only.

(b) A notice of infraction must be mailed to the registered owner 1 2 of the vehicle or to the renter of a vehicle within sixty days of the The law enforcement officer issuing the notice of 3 violation. infraction shall include with it a certificate or facsimile thereof, 4 5 based upon inspection of photographs, microphotographs, videotape, or other recorded images produced by a photo enforcement system, stating б 7 the facts supporting the notice of infraction. This certificate or facsimile is prima facie evidence of the facts contained in it and is 8 admissible in a proceeding charging a violation under this chapter. 9 The photographs, digital photographs, microphotographs, videotape, or 10 other recorded images evidencing the violation must be available for 11 inspection and admission into evidence in a proceeding to adjudicate 12 13 the liability for the infraction.

14 (c) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, all photographs, digital photographs, microphotographs, videotape, or other recorded 15 images prepared under this chapter are for the exclusive use of the 16 17 tolling agency and law enforcement in the discharge of duties under this section and are not open to the public and may not be used in a 18 court in a pending action or proceeding unless the action or proceeding 19 relates to a violation under this chapter. No photograph, digital 20 photograph, microphotograph, videotape, or other recorded image may be 21 22 used for any purpose other than enforcement of violations under this 23 chapter nor retained longer than necessary to enforce this chapter or 24 verify that tolls are paid.

(d) All locations where a photo enforcement system is used must be clearly marked by placing signs in locations that clearly indicate to a driver that he or she is entering a zone where traffic laws are enforced by a photo enforcement system.

(8) Infractions detected through the use of photo enforcement systems are not part of the registered owner's driving record under RCW 46.52.101 and 46.52.120.

(9) If the registered owner of the vehicle is a rental car business the department of transportation or a law enforcement agency shall, before a notice of infraction being issued under this section, provide a written notice to the rental car business that a notice of infraction may be issued to the rental car business if the rental car business does not, within eighteen days of the mailing of the written notice, provide to the issuing agency by return mail:

(a) A statement under oath stating the name and known mailing
 address of the individual driving or renting the vehicle when the
 infraction occurred; or

(b) A statement under oath that the business is unable to determine
who was driving or renting the vehicle at the time the infraction
occurred because the vehicle was stolen at the time of the infraction.
A statement provided under this subsection must be accompanied by a
copy of a filed police report regarding the vehicle theft; or

9 (c) In lieu of identifying the vehicle operator, the rental car 10 business may pay the applicable toll and fee.

11 Timely mailing of this statement to the issuing law enforcement 12 agency relieves a rental car business of any liability under this 13 chapter for the notice of infraction.

14 **Sec. 3.** RCW 46.63.170 and 2005 c 167 s 1 are each amended to read 15 as follows:

16 (1) The use of automated traffic safety cameras for issuance of 17 notices of infraction is subject to the following requirements:

(a) The appropriate local legislative authority must first enact an 18 ordinance allowing for their use to detect one or more of the 19 Stoplight, railroad crossing, or school speed zone 20 following: 21 violations. At a minimum, the local ordinance must contain the restrictions described in this section and provisions for public notice 22 and signage. Cities and counties using automated traffic safety 23 cameras before July 24, 2005, are subject to the restrictions described 24 in this section, but are not required to enact an authorizing 25 26 ordinance.

(b) Use of automated traffic safety cameras is restricted to twoarterial intersections, railroad crossings, and school speed zones only.

30 (c) Automated traffic safety cameras may only take pictures of the 31 vehicle and vehicle license plate and only while an infraction is 32 occurring. The picture must not reveal the face of the driver or of 33 passengers in the vehicle.

34 (d) A notice of infraction must be mailed to the registered owner 35 of the vehicle within fourteen days of the violation, or to the renter 36 of a vehicle within fourteen days of establishing the renter's name and 37 address under subsection (3)(a) of this section. The law enforcement

officer issuing the notice of infraction shall include with it a 1 2 certificate or facsimile thereof, based upon inspection of photographs, microphotographs, or electronic images produced by an automated traffic 3 safety camera, stating the facts supporting the notice of infraction. 4 This certificate or facsimile is prima facie evidence of the facts 5 contained in it and is admissible in a proceeding charging a violation 6 7 under this chapter. The photographs, microphotographs, or electronic images evidencing the violation must be available for inspection and 8 9 admission into evidence in a proceeding to adjudicate the liability for 10 the infraction. A person receiving a notice of infraction based on evidence detected by an automated traffic safety camera may respond to 11 the notice by mail. 12

(e) The registered owner of a vehicle is responsible for an 13 infraction under RCW 46.63.030(1)(e) unless the registered owner 14 overcomes the presumption in RCW 46.63.075, or, in the case of a rental 15 car business, satisfies the conditions under subsection (3) of this 16 17 section. If appropriate under the circumstances, a renter identified under subsection (3)(a) of this section is responsible for 18 an infraction. 19

(f) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, all photographs, 20 21 microphotographs, or electronic images prepared under this section are 22 for the exclusive use of law enforcement in the discharge of duties under this section and are not open to the public and may not be used 23 24 in a court in a pending action or proceeding unless the action or 25 proceeding relates to a violation under this section. No photograph, microphotograph, or electronic image may be used for any purpose other 26 27 than enforcement of violations under this section nor retained longer than necessary to enforce this section. 28

(g) All locations where an automated traffic safety camera is used must be clearly marked by placing signs in locations that clearly indicate to a driver that he or she is entering a zone where traffic laws are enforced by an automated traffic safety camera.

(h) If a county or city has established an authorized automated traffic safety camera program under this section, the compensation paid to the manufacturer or vendor of the equipment used must be based only upon the value of the equipment and services provided or rendered in support of the system, and may not be based upon a portion of the fine or civil penalty imposed or the revenue generated by the equipment.

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(2) Infractions detected through the use of automated traffic 1 2 safety cameras are not part of the registered owner's driving record under RCW 46.52.101 and 46.52.120. Additionally, infractions generated 3 by the use of automated traffic safety cameras under this section shall 4 5 be processed in the same manner as parking infractions, including for the purposes of RCW 3.46.120, 3.50.100, 35.20.220, 46.16.216, and б 7 46.20.270(3). However, the amount of the fine issued for an infraction generated through the use of an automated traffic safety camera shall 8 9 not exceed the amount of a fine issued for other parking infractions 10 within the jurisdiction.

(3) If the registered owner of the vehicle is a rental car business, the law enforcement agency shall, before a notice of infraction being issued under this section, provide a written notice to the rental car business that a notice of infraction may be issued to the rental car business if the rental car business does not, within eighteen days of receiving the written notice, provide to the issuing agency by return mail:

(a) A statement under oath stating the name and known mailing
 address of the individual driving or renting the vehicle when the
 infraction occurred; or

(b) A statement under oath that the business is unable to determine who was driving or renting the vehicle at the time the infraction occurred because the vehicle was stolen at the time of the infraction. A statement provided under this subsection must be accompanied by a copy of a filed police report regarding the vehicle theft; or

(c) In lieu of identifying the vehicle operator, the rental carbusiness may pay the applicable penalty.

Timely mailing of this statement to the issuing law enforcement agency relieves a rental car business of any liability under this chapter for the notice of infraction.

31 (4) Nothing in this section prohibits a law enforcement officer 32 from issuing a notice of traffic infraction to a person in control of 33 a vehicle at the time a violation occurs under RCW 46.63.030(1) (a), 34 (b), or (c).

35 (5) For the purposes of this section, "automated traffic safety 36 camera" means a device that uses a vehicle sensor installed to work in 37 conjunction with an intersection traffic control system, a railroad 38 grade crossing control system, or a speed measuring device, and a

camera synchronized to automatically record one or more sequenced photographs, microphotographs, or electronic images of the rear of a motor vehicle at the time the vehicle fails to stop when facing a steady red traffic control signal or an activated railroad grade crossing control signal, or exceeds a speed limit in a school speed zone as detected by a speed measuring device.

> Passed by the House April 16, 2007. Passed by the Senate April 12, 2007. Approved by the Governor May 8, 2007. Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 10, 2007.